

Protecting and improving the nation's health

Dudley Unitary Authority



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Health Profile 2016

Health in summary

The health of people in Dudley is varied compared with the England average. About 21% (12,300) of children live in low income families. Life expectancy for both men and women is similar to the England average.

Health inequalities

Life expectancy is 10.2 years lower for men and 6.0 years lower for women in the most deprived areas of Dudley than in the least deprived areas.

Child health

In Year 6, 23.4% (772) of children are classified as obese, worse than the average for England. The rate of alcoholspecific hospital stays among those under 18 was 39.9*. This represents 27 stays per year. Levels of teenage pregnancy, GCSE attainment, breastfeeding initiation and smoking at time of delivery are worse than the England average.

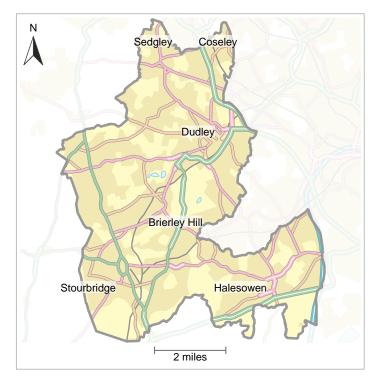
Adult health

The rate of alcohol-related harm hospital stays is 792*, worse than the average for England. This represents 2,444 stays per year. The rate of self-harm hospital stays is 213.7*, worse than the average for England. This represents 657 stays per year. The rate of smoking related deaths is 274*. This represents 507 deaths per year. Estimated levels of adult excess weight and physical activity are worse than the England average. The rate of hip fractures is worse than average. Rates of sexually transmitted infections, people killed and seriously injured on roads and TB are better than average. Rates of statutory homelessness and long term unemployment are worse than average. The rate of violent crime is better than average.

Local priorities

Priorities in Dudley include giving every child the best start in life, promoting healthy work, places and communities, and promoting healthy ageing. For more information see www.allaboutdudley.info and www.lets-get.com

* rate per 100,000 population



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Population: 316,000

Mid-2014 population estimate. Source: Office for National Statistics.

This profile gives a picture of people's health in Dudley. It is designed to help local government and health services understand their community's needs, so that they can work together to improve people's health and reduce health inequalities.

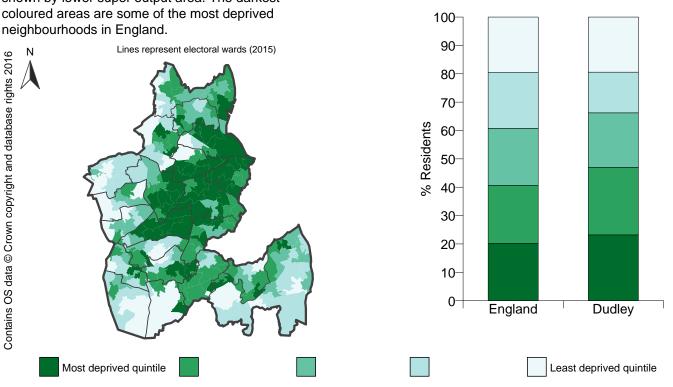
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Deprivation: a national view

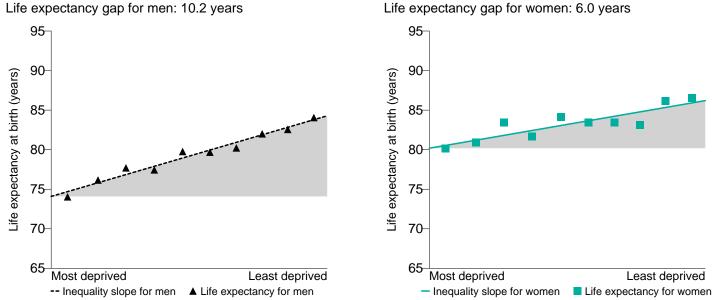
The map shows differences in deprivation in this area based on national comparisons, using quintiles (fifths) of the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015 (IMD2015), shown by lower super output area. The darkest

This chart shows the percentage of the population who live in areas at each level of deprivation.



Life expectancy: inequalities in this local authority

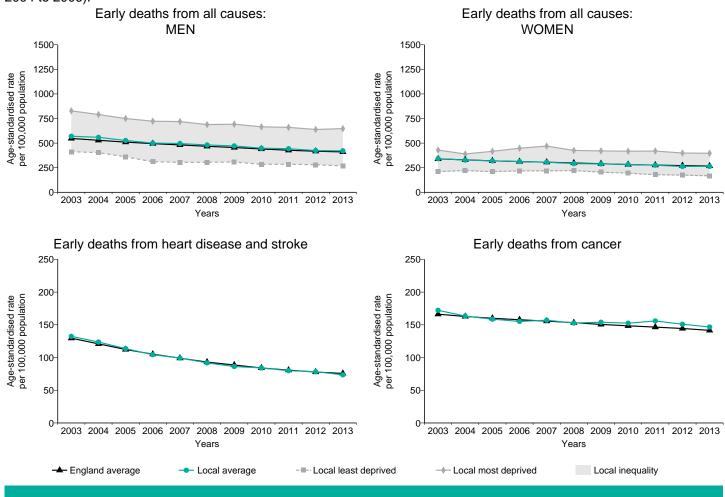
The charts below show life expectancy for men and women in this local authority for 2012-2014. Each chart is divided into deciles (tenths) by deprivation (IMD2010), from the most deprived decile on the left of the chart to the least deprived decile on the right. The steepness of the slope represents the inequality in life expectancy that is related to deprivation in this local area. If there was no inequality in life expectancy as a result of deprivation, the line would be horizontal.



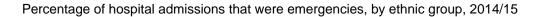
Life expectancy gap for women: 6.0 years

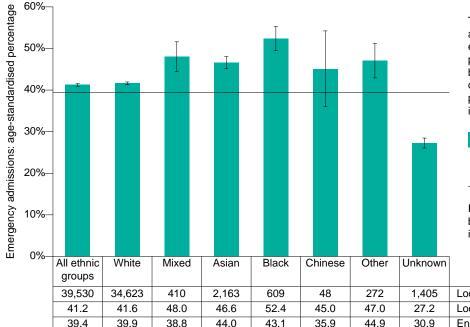
Health inequalities: changes over time

These charts provide a comparison of the changes in early death rates (in people under 75) between this area and all of England. Early deaths from all causes also show the differences between the most and least deprived quintile (IMD2010) in this area. (Data points are the midpoints of 3 year averages of annual rates, for example 2005 represents the period 2004 to 2006).



Health inequalities: ethnicity





This chart shows the percentage of hospital admissions for each ethnic group that were emergencies, rather than planned. A higher percentage of emergency admissions may be caused by higher levels of urgent need for hospital services or lower use of services in the community. Comparing percentages for each ethnic group may help identify inequalities.

Dudley

- 95% confidence interval
- England average (all ethnic groups)

Figures based on small numbers of admissions have been suppressed to avoid any potential disclosure of information about individuals.

• •								
39,530	34,623	410	2,163	609	48	272	1,405	Local number of emergency admissions
41.2	41.6	48.0	46.6	52.4	45.0	47.0	27.2	Local value %
39.4	39.9	38.8	44.0	43.1	35.9	44.9	30.9	England value %

Health summary for Dudley

The chart below shows how the health of people in this area compares with the rest of England. This area's result for each indicator is shown as a circle. The average rate for England is shown by the black line, which is always at the centre of the chart. The range of results for all local areas in England is shown as a grey bar. A red circle means that this area is significantly worse than England for that indicator; however, a green circle may still indicate an important public health problem.

Signifi	cantly worse than England average		Faclord				England average	England best
🔵 Not się	gnificantly different from England average		England worst					
Signifi	cantly better than England average						75th Percentile	
) Not co	ompared							
Domain	Indicator	Period	Local No total count	Local value	Eng value	Eng worst	England Range	Eng best
	1 Deprivation score (IMD 2015) #	2015	n/a	23.0	21.8	42.0	0	5.0
ties	2 Children in low income families (under 16s)	2013	12,325	21.3	18.6	34.4		5.9
Our communities	3 Statutory homelessness†	2014/15	464	3.5	0.9	7.5		0.1
com	4 GCSEs achieved†	2014/15	1,887	54.4	57.3	41.5		76.4
Our	5 Violent crime (violence offences)	2014/15	3,053	9.7	13.5	31.7		3.4
-	6 Long term unemployment	2015	2,085	10.8	4.6	15.7	• •	0.5
	7 Smoking status at time of delivery	2014/15	551	15.7	11.4	27.2		2.1
Children's and young people's health	8 Breastfeeding initiation	2014/15	2,125	60.2	74.3	47.2		92.9
g pec	9 Obese children (Year 6)	2014/15	772	23.4	19.1	27.8		9.2
ouno d	10 Alcohol-specific hospital stays (under 18)	2012/13 - 14/15	81	39.9	36.6	104.4		10.2
	11 Under 18 conceptions	2014	165	29.4	22.8	43.0		5.2
e uq	12 Smoking prevalence in adults†	2015	n/a	18.5	16.9	32.3	\circ	7.5
Adults ⁻ health and lifestyle	13 Percentage of physically active adults	2015	n/a	46.5	57.0	44.8		69.8
hea lifi	14 Excess weight in adults	2012 - 14	n/a	69.3	64.6	74.8		46.0
-	15 Cancer diagnosed at early stage #	2014	733	54.9	50.7	36.3	\diamond O	67.2
Disease and poor health	16 Hospital stays for self-harm	2014/15	657	213.7	191.4	629.9		58.9
- Jor h	17 Hospital stays for alcohol-related harm	2014/15	2,444	792	641	1223		374
pq br	18 Recorded diabetes	2014/15	17,855	7.0	6.4	9.2		3.3
- se ai	19 Incidence of TB	2012 - 14	93	9.9	13.5	100.0		0.0
lisea	20 New sexually transmitted infections (STI)	2015	1,018	517	815	3263		191
Δ -	21 Hip fractures in people aged 65 and over	2014/15	455	716	571	745		361
	22 Life expectancy at birth (Male)	2012 - 14	n/a	79.3	79.5	74.7		83.3
ath	23 Life expectancy at birth (Female)	2012 - 14	n/a	83.2	83.2	79.8		86.7
of de	24 Infant mortality†	2012 - 14	45	3.9	4.0	7.2		0.6
causes of death	25 Killed and seriously injured on roads	2012 - 14	292	31.0	39.3	119.4		9.9
	26 Suicide rate†	2012 - 14	62	7.5	10.0			
and	27 Deaths from drug misuse #	2012 - 14	33	3.6	3.4			
Life expectancy and	28 Smoking related deaths	2012 - 14	1,520	273.5	274.8	458.1	•	152.9
pect	29 Under 75 mortality rate: cardiovascular	2012 - 14	616	73.6	75.7	135.0		39.3
te ex	30 Under 75 mortality rate: cancer	2012 - 14	1,233	146.7	141.5	195.6	\bigcirc	102.9
- 1	31 Excess winter deaths	Aug 2011 - Jul 2014	377	13.2	15.6	31.0		2.3

Indicator notes

1 Index of Multiple Deprivation (IMD) 2015 2 % children (under 16) in low income families 3 Eligible homeless people not in priority need, crude rate per 1,000 households 4 5 A*-C including English & Maths, % pupils at end of key stage 4 resident in local authority 5 Recorded violence against the person crimes, crude rate per 1,000 population 6 Crude rate per 1,000 population aged 16-64 7 % of women who smoke at time of delivery 8 % of all mothers who breastfeed their babies in the first 48hrs after delivery 9 % school children in Year 6 (age 10-11) 10 Persons under 18 admitted to hospital due to alcohol-specific conditions, crude rate per 100,000 population 11 Under-18 conception rate per 1,000 females aged 15-17 (crude rate) 12 Current smokers, Annual Population Survey (APS) 13 % adults achieving at least 150 mins physical activity per week 14 % adults classified as overweight or obese, Active People Survey 15 Experimental statistics - % of cancers diagnosed at stage 1 or 2 16 Directly age sex standardised rate per 100,000 population 17 The number of admissions involving an alcohol-related primary diagnosis or an alcohol-related external cause (narrow definition), directly age standardised rate per 100,000 population 18 % people on GP registers with a recorded diagnosis of diabetes 19 Crude rate per 100,000 population 20 All new diagnoses (excluding Chlamydia under age 25), crude rate per 100,000 population 21 Directly age and sex standardised rate of emergency admissions, per 100,000 population aged 65 and over 22, 23 The average number of years a person would expect to live based on contemporary mortality rates 24 Rate of deaths in infants aged <1 year per 1,000 live births 25 Rate per 100,000 population 26 Directly age standardised mortality rate from suicide and injury of undetermined intent per 100,000 population (aged 10+) 27 Directly age standardised rate per 100,000 population 28 Directly age standardised rate per 100,000 population aged 35 and over 29 Directly age standardised rate per 100,000 popula

† Indicator has had methodological changes so is not directly comparable with previously released values. # New indicator for Health Profiles 2016.

€ "Regional" refers to the former government regions.

More information is available at www.healthprofiles.info and http://fingertips.phe.org.uk/profile/health-profiles

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